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The Indiana Small Business Development Center (Indiana SBDC) was created to have a positive and measurable impact on the formation, growth, and sustainability of small businesses in Indiana, and to help Hoosier Entrepreneurs start stronger, grow faster, and work smarter.

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Northwest@isbdc.org
219–644–3513

2. North Central Indiana SBDC
NorthCentral@isbdc.org
574–520–4126

3. Northeast Indiana SBDC
Northeast@isbdc.org
260–481–0500

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HoosierHeartland@isbdc.org
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5. Central Indiana SBDC
Central@isbdc.org
317–940–3919

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EastCentral@isbdc.org
765–282–9950

7. West Central Indiana SBDC
WestCentral@isbdc.org
812–237–7676

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SouthCentral@isbdc.org
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Southwest@isbdc.org
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Economic Injury Disaster Loans (EIDL)

If you have suffered substantial economic injury due to COVID-19 and are one of the following types of businesses, you may be eligible for an SBA Economic Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL).

- Small Business
- Small Agricultural Cooperative
- Most Private Nonprofit Organizations

LOAN AMOUNT AND USE

Substantial economic injury means the business is unable to meet its obligations and to pay its ordinary and necessary operating expenses. EIDLs provide the necessary working capital to help small businesses survive until normal operations resume after a disaster. EIDL may be used to pay fixed debts, payroll, accounts payable and other bills incurred during this public health emergency.

The SBA can provide up to $2 million to help meet financial obligations and operating expenses that could have been met had the disaster not occurred. Your loan amount will be based on your economic injury and your company’s financial needs.

ELIGIBILITY AND TERMS

The loan interest rates for small businesses and private nonprofits are 3.75% and 2.75%, respectively, with terms up to 30 years. The repayment term will be determined by your ability to repay the loan.

SBA.GOV/DISASTER

Updated 3/24/20

Funded in part through a Cooperative Agreement with the U.S. Small Business Administration. Funding is not an endorsement of any product, opinion, or service.
Economic Injury Disaster Loans (EIDL) Required Document Checklist

- Copy of Credit Bureau Report with Credit Scores from the three primary reporting agencies for all owners of the business with minimum 20% ownership.

- Personal Financial Statement (SBA Form 413) for all owners of the business with minimum 20% ownership interest.

- Federal Personal and business tax returns for the last 3 years (include personal tax returns for each owner with minimum 20% ownership interest in the business).

- Business Financial Statements for year to date (both income statements and balance sheet is Preferred). Schedule of all business assets and liabilities.

- Provide Monthly sales figures beginning 3 years prior to the disaster and continuing through the most recent month available. (SBA Form 1368).

- Written explanation of the amount you are seeking and how it will be used. Describe the loss.

- SBA Loan Application (SBA Form 5).

- IRS Form 8821 / 4506-T for each owner with minimum 20% ownership interest in the business.
Economic Injury Disaster Loans (EIDL) Application Tips

1. A step-by-step guide for submitting your EIDL application can be found at tinyurl.com/EIDLInstructions

2. Save your application frequently! Due to an overwhelming response, the SBA is experiencing website crashes. Don’t lose your work—save, save, save!

3. Apply between during the off hours to avoid crashing (7 p.m. – 7 a.m.).

4. If you don’t see your county on the in the declaration selection, go back and make sure that you selected EIDL as the program you are applying for.

5. Ask for help. The Indiana SBDC and other SBA resource partners can help you work through the EIDL application. For technical issues, reach out to the SBA directly at 1–800–659–2955 or disastercustomerservice@sba.gov.

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Additional Funding Resources

1. TALK TO YOUR EXISTING LENDER OR COMMUNITY BANK

If you have an existing lender or community bank, reach out to see if additional funding or COVID-19 specific programming is available. If you have an existing loan, be sure to ask about payment deferment.

2. USE LENDER MATCH

Lender Match is SBA’s free online referral tool that connects small businesses with participating SBA-approved lenders. Lender Match can be accessed by small businesses any time. SBA.gov/lendermatch

3. CONTACT YOUR LOCAL CHAMBER OR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATION

Many local organizations are offering assistance to small businesses located within their region. Please contact your local Chamber of Commerce to see if programs are available.

4. UTILIZE ADDITIONAL LOAN AND GRANT RESOURCES

The Indiana SBDC is maintaining a list of additional loan and grant resources at tinyurl.com/ISBDCFundingResources. This list will be updated as we become aware of additional resources. Reference in the document to any specific product, process, or service, or the use of any trade, firm or corporation name is for the information and convenience of the public, and does not constitute endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the Indiana SBDC.

5. SPEAK WITH AN ADVISOR

Indiana SBDC advisors are available to assist you with financial forecasting and recovery planning. Connect with a regional office nearest to you to meet with an advisor.

Additional advising resources can be found at SBA.gov/Local-Assistance

Updated 3/24/20
Indiana Unemployment Insurance

Information provided by the Indiana Department of Workforce Development

1. If an employer temporarily lays off employees due to the loss of production, lack of demand for their products/services or out of precaution caused by COVID–19, will the employees be eligible for unemployment insurance benefits?

Indiana unemployment benefits are available to any individual who is unemployed through no fault of his/her own. If an employer must lay off employees due to the loss of production caused by the COVID–19, individuals may be eligible for unemployment benefits if they meet the monetary criteria and the weekly eligibility criteria. Employees must stay in contact with their employer and be available to work when called back.

2. How much is an individual entitled to receive in unemployment benefits?

To determine an individual’s weekly payment, divide the total wages earned in the four quarters (12 months) prior to the last quarter the individual worked by 52. Then multiply the sum by 0.47. For example, if the individual earned a total of $30,000 in the four quarters prior to the last quarter worked: $30,000 ÷ 52 = $576.92 x 0.47 = $271 (weekly benefit amount). The weekly benefit amount should be rounded down to the next whole dollar amount and will not exceed $390.

3. When will an individual receive his/her first unemployment insurance payment?

An individual should receive their first payment within three weeks if there are no issues on the claim for benefits. There is a one week waiting period for payment of unemployment insurance. This means that benefits are not paid for the first week of eligibility. Individuals must still file a voucher for that week.

For more information, visit Indiana Unemployment at the Indiana Department of Workforce Development website: IN.Gov/DWD

Updated 3/24/20
H6201 Families First Coronavirus Response Act

Emergency Paid Sick Leave

Covered Employers

- Private sector employers with fewer than 500 employees
- Public sector employers with more than 1 employee
- Exemption available to employers with fewer than 50 employees (applies only to #5 in qualifying reasons for leave below)

Duration of Leave

- Employer must provide two weeks of paid sick leave for full-time covered employees
- Special rules apply for part-time employees

Qualifying Reasons for Leave

1. Employee is subject to a Federal, State, or local quarantine related to COVID-19.
2. Employee has been advised by a health-care professional to self quarantine.
3. Employee is experiencing symptoms of COVID-19 and is seeking a medical diagnosis.
4. Employee is caring for an individual who is subject to quarantine pursuant to 1 and 2 above.
5. To care for a child or children whose school or care provider is unavailable due to COVID-19.
6. Employee is experiencing similar condition as specified by the Department of Health and Human Services, Department of Labor, or Department of Treasury.

Required Wage Replacement

- Reasons 1–3: Employee’s regular rate of pay– capped at $510 a day and $5,110 total
- Reasons 4–6: 2/3 of employee’s regular rate of pay – capped at $200 a day and $2,000 total
- Special rules apply for part-time employees

Applicability of Division G Tax Credits

Private sector employers with fewer than 500 employees may obtain a credit for wage replacement. Employers receive 100% payroll tax credit (refundable as needed) for required sick leave wages plus certain health care expenses of the employer. Special rules apply for self employed.

Updated 3/24/20
H6201 Families First Coronavirus Response Act

Emergency Family and Medical Leave

Covered Employers

- Private sector employers with fewer than 500 employees
- Exemption available to employers with fewer than 50 employees

Duration of Leave

- Employer must provide ten weeks of paid family and medical leave for employees that have been employed at least 30 days
- Special rules apply for part-time employees

Qualifying Reasons for Leave

Employee is unable to work or telework due to a need for leave to care for a son or daughter under 18 years of age if the school or place of care has been closed, or the childcare provider is unavailable, due a public health emergency.

Required Wage Replacement

Not less than 2/3 of regular rate of pay based on the number of hours scheduled to work. Capped at $200 a day and $10,000 total. Special rules apply for part-time employees.

Applicability of Division G Tax Credits

Private sector employers with fewer than 500 employees may obtain a credit for wage replacement. Employers receive 100% payroll tax credit (refundable as needed) for required paid family and medical leave wages plus certain health care expenses of the employer. Special rules apply for self employed.

Updated 3/24/20
Business resilience is the ability an organization has to quickly adapt to disruptions while maintaining continuous business operations and safeguarding people, assets and overall brand equity. Below are steps that you can take now to safeguard your business.

LOOK AT YOUR FINANCIALS AND CASHFLOW

How long can you sustain in case of a quarantine, lost wages, employee absenteeism (when you are paying for sick leave AND not bringing in revenue)? What do you need to bridge the gap? Plan on a 6–8 month drop in revenues, and map out your cash flow.

CUT YOUR OVERHEAD

Take a look at your spending and cut the things you do not have to spend money on.

COMMUNICATE

Keep staff and customers informed about your operations. Use tools like social media, Google Business, and your website to update your hours, answer questions, and share up–to–date information.

UNDERSTAND YOUR INSURANCE

Business interruption insurance can help cover operating expenses, a move to a temporary location if necessary, payroll, taxes, and loan payments. Check with your insurance provider to understand coverage and what, if any, claims you may have.

Continued on the next page.
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**LOOK AT YOUR SUPPLY CHAINS**

Are your supply chains diversified or are you relying on one source for your products? Supply chain management is essential in any global pandemic. Travel, workforce absenteeism, and financials will impact supply chains across the world. It’s important you have multiple providers of a resource that is the core of your business.

**DEVELOP AN INCIDENT RESPONSE PLAN**

- How will you reach customers in case of closure?
- Can your employees work remotely?
- Can you still operate in case of employee absenteeism?
- Do you have back-up vendors in case of supplier disruption?

**CONSIDER FUNDING OPTIONS**

Consider applying for the SBA Economic Injury Disaster Loans (EDIL) outlined on page 3–5, or reaching out to your current lender for additional funding and payment deferrals.

**ASK FOR HELP**

You don’t need to do this alone. The Indiana SBDC has business advisors available to assist you with recovery planning, financial projections, and more. Connect with one of our 10 regional offices to meet with an advisor nearest to you.